

Pharmacy Medical Necessity Guidelines: Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) Medications – Non-Stimulants

Effective: July 20, 2020

Prior Authorization Required	√	Type of Review – Care Management	
Not Covered		Type of Review – Clinical Review	√
Pharmacy (RX) or Medical (MED) Benefit	RX	Department to Review	RXUM
<p>These pharmacy medical necessity guidelines apply to the following:</p> <p>Commercial Products</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Tufts Health Plan Commercial products – large group plans <input type="checkbox"/> Tufts Health Plan Commercial products – small group and individual plans <input type="checkbox"/> Tufts Health Freedom Plan products – large group plans <input type="checkbox"/> Tufts Health Freedom Plan products – small group plans <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CareLinkSM – Refer to CareLink Procedures, Services and Items Requiring Prior Authorization <p>Tufts Health Public Plans Products</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Tufts Health Direct – A Massachusetts Qualified Health Plan (QHP) (a commercial product) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tufts Health Together – MassHealth MCO Plan and Accountable Care Partnership Plans <input type="checkbox"/> Tufts Health RITogether – A Rhode Island Medicaid Plan		<p>Fax Numbers: RXUM: 617.673.0988</p>	

Note: This guideline does not apply to Medicare Members (includes dual eligible Members).

OVERVIEW

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION-APPROVED INDICATIONS

Clonidine extended-release is indicated for the treatment of attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD).

The MassHealth Pediatric Behavioral Health Medication Initiative (PBHMI) has been implemented to encourage safe prescribing of behavioral health medication regimens in Members less than 18 years of age. As part of the PBHMI, a prior authorization is required for pediatric Members less than 6 years of age prescribed atomoxetine (Strattera). Prior authorization is also required for Members less than 3 years of age who are being prescribed an alpha agonist, regardless as to whether or not it is preferred on the Plan's formulary. The alpha agonists included in the PBHMI are listed in table 1.

Table 1. Alpha Agonists

Drug Name	Generic Name	For members < 3 years of age	For members ≥ 3 years of age
Clonidine immediate release tablet	clonidine	PA	Covered
Clonidine extended release tablet	clonidine	PA, QL	PA, QL
Clonidine patch	clonidine	PA	Covered
Guanfacine immediate release tablet	guanfacine	PA	Covered
Guanfacine extended release tablet	guanfacine	PA, QL	Covered, QL

COVERAGE GUIDELINES

Age-Specific Criteria

Alpha Agonists

The plan may authorize coverage of a preferred or non-preferred non-stimulant alpha agonist for members **less than 3 years of age** when **all** of the following age-specific criteria are met.

Additionally, if the medication is non-preferred, the non-preferred medication criteria must also be met.

1. Documentation of **one** of the following:
 - a) Member had a recent psychiatric hospitalizations (within the last three months)
OR
 - b) Member has a history of severe risk of harm to self or others
OR
 - c) Member has a cardiovascular diagnosis only
OR
2. Documentation of **all** of the following:
 - a) An appropriate diagnosis
AND
 - b) Treatment plan including names of current alpha agonist(s) and corresponding diagnoses
AND
 - c) Clinical rationale for use of an alpha agonist in member less than three years of age

Atomoxetine

The Plan may authorize coverage of atomoxetine for Members **less than 6 years of age** when **all** of the following age-specific criteria are met. Additional atomoxetine-specific criteria must also be met:

1. Documentation of **one** of the following:
 - a) Recent psychiatric hospitalization (within the last three months)
OR
 - b) History of severe risk of harm to self or others
OR
- Documentation of **all** of the following:
- a) An appropriate diagnosis
AND
 - b) Treatment plan, including names of current behavioral health medications and corresponding diagnoses
AND
 - c) If member is less than 3 years of age, the prescriber is a specialist (e.g., psychiatrist, or a consult is provided

Non-Preferred Medication Criteria

The plan may authorize coverage of clonidine ER for Members when **all** of the following medication-specific criteria are met (age-specific criteria must be met in addition to the medication-specific criteria listed below):

Clonidine extended-release

1. Documented diagnosis of attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)
AND
2. Documented failure of a course of therapy with immediate-release clonidine

LIMITATIONS

1. Quantity limits apply as follows:

clonidine extended-release	two tablets per day
guanfacine extended-release	one tablet per day
atomoxetine	two capsules per day
2. Requests for brand-name products, with AB-rated generics, will be reviewed according to Brand Name criteria.
3. Samples, free goods, or similar offerings of the requested medication do not qualify for an established clinical response or exception, but will be considered on an individual basis for prior authorization.

CODES

None

REFERENCES

1. American Psychiatric Association: Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th edition. Arlington, VA., American Psychiatric Association, 2013.

2. Cantwell DP. Attention deficit disorder: A review of the past 10 years. *J Am Acad Child Adolesc Psychiatry*. 1996;35:978-87.
3. Dulcan M. Practice parameters for the assessment and treatment of children, adolescents, and adults with attention deficit/hyperactivity disorder. American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry. *J Am Acad Child Adolesc Psychiatry*. 1997;36(10 Suppl):85S-121S.
4. Gibbons, C, Weiss, M. Clinical recommendations in current practice guidelines for diagnosis and treatment of ADHD in adults. *Curr Psychiatry Rep*. 2007 Oct;9(5):420-6.
5. Intuniv (guanfacine) [prescribing information]. Lexington, MA: Shire Pharmaceuticals; December 2019.
6. Kapvay (clonidine) [prescribing information]. St Michael, Barbados BB: Concordia Pharmaceuticals Inc.; August 2016.
7. Pliszka S; AACAP Work Group on Quality Issues. Practice parameter for the assessment and treatment of children and adolescents with attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder. *J Am Acad Child Adolesc Psychiatry*. 2007;46(7):894-921.
8. Strattera (atomoxetine) [prescribing information]. Indianapolis, IN: Lilly USA, LLC; May 2017.
9. The American Academy of Pediatrics: Subcommittee on Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder and Committee on Quality Improvement. Clinical practice guideline: treatment of the school-aged child with attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder. *Pediatrics*. 2001 Oct;108(4):1033-44.
10. The American Academy Of Pediatrics: Subcommittee On Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder, Steering Committee On Quality Improvement And Management ADHD: Clinical Practice Guideline for the diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder in children and adolescents. *Pediatrics*. 2011 Nov;128(5):1-16.

APPROVAL HISTORY

April 14, 2015: Reviewed by Pharmacy & Therapeutics Committee; consolidated separate non-stimulant ADHD criteria; added criteria specific for Members 3 years of age and younger.

Subsequent endorsement date(s) and changes made:

1. January 1, 2016: Administrative change to rebranded template.
2. March 8, 2016: Approval duration extended to life of plan. Administrative update to remove Limitation "Requests for quantities that exceed the quantity limit will be reviewed according to the Quantity Limit criteria."
3. September 13, 2016: Added clonidine immediate release tablets, clonidine patch and guanfacine immediate release to the policy with criteria for Members 3 years of age. Updated PBHMI age limit for atomoxetine from 3 years of age to 6 years of age. Adjusted criteria for alpha agonists and Strattera for members less than 3 years and 6 years of age, respectively.
4. May 9, 2017: Administrative update, Adding Tufts Health RITogether to the template.
5. December 12, 2017: No changes.
6. December 11, 2018: Administrative changes made to template.
7. March 12, 2019: Effective 4/1/2019, updated MNG to reflect that guanfacine ER and atomoxetine are now covered (note: PBHMI age and polypharmacy restrictions still apply).
8. February 11, 2020: No changes.
9. July 14, 2020: Administrative update, added language regarding samples to limitations section of the MNG.

BACKGROUND, PRODUCT AND DISCLAIMER INFORMATION

Pharmacy Medical Necessity Guidelines have been developed for determining coverage for plan benefits and are published to provide a better understanding of the basis upon which coverage decisions are made. The plan makes coverage decisions on a case-by-case basis considering the individual member's health care needs. Pharmacy Medical Necessity Guidelines are developed for selected therapeutic classes or drugs found to be safe, but proven to be effective in a limited, defined population of patients or clinical circumstances. They include concise clinical coverage criteria based on current literature review, consultation with practicing physicians in the service area who are medical experts in the particular field, FDA and other government agency policies, and standards adopted by national accreditation organizations. The plan revises and updates Pharmacy Medical Necessity Guidelines annually, or more frequently if new evidence becomes available that suggests needed revisions.

For self-insured plans, coverage may vary depending on the terms of the benefit document. If a discrepancy exists between a Pharmacy Medical Necessity Guideline and a self-insured Member's benefit document, the provisions of the benefit document will govern.

Treating providers are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. The use of this policy is not a guarantee of payment or a final prediction of how specific claim(s) will be

adjudicated. Claims payment is subject to member eligibility and benefits on the date of service, coordination of benefits, referral/authorization and utilization management guidelines when applicable, and adherence to plan policies and procedures and claims editing logic.

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